## Parts of Speech for describing graphs

increa	કૃષ્ટ પૂર્વા	ste	eady	rise	rapid	improve
	imbkohel Piep Pieb Pieb	ment	sudden	ily Substanti	<sup>al</sup> nificant	Muctuation
remain	'Wy <sup>oro</sup>	SUPE	Vlaren	\$19·	, a-	SIOWIY
plun Sron	ge	drop	"ama	ticall.	peak	rable fall
	lauffaitt		~		dually	constant
poetset	reach	Callanse	fluctual	ic 8	Jow	

## Look at the words above and put them in the appropriate column.

Verbs	Nouns	Adjectives	Adverbs	Can be 2 parts of speech

Write 5 sentences using the words or phrases above. ONLY USE EACH ADJECTIVE ONCE.

 $\ensuremath{\textit{EXAMPLE}}\xspace$  : iPhone sales increased dramatically in December .

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

## Parts of Speech for describing graphs answers

noun	verb	adjective	adverb	can be 2
improvement fluctuation bottom	climb	steady	steadily	increase v/n
		dramatic	sharply	drop v/n
	fluctuate	substantial	rapidly	decrease v/n
	improve		significantly	rise v/n
	jump	constant stable		plunge v/n
	collapse	Stable	slowly	surge v/n
	rocket		suddenly gradually	peak v/n
	remain			high adj/n
	reach			low adj/n
	grow			fall adj/n

**Note 1:** When I taught this it developed into a discussion about word endings and parts of speech.

Noun endings = ..ty ..ism ..ia ..ion

Adjectives = ..le ..al ..ful

Adverbs = ..ly

**Note 2:** The "can be 2" column can start to be complicated. When the word is usually used as one part of speech I have NOT put it in the "can be 2"