ENGLISH PLACEMENT TEST

NAI	ME:		
	Look at these examples. The correct answers are underlined.		
	a) In warm climates people <u>like</u> / likes / are liking sitting outside in the sun.		
	b) If it is very hot, they sit at / in / under the shade.		
	Now the test will begin. Underline the correct answer. (For each correct answer 1 point)		
1)	Water is to boil / is boiling / boils at a temperature of 100 ℃.	1	
2)	In some countries there is / is / it is very hot all the time.	2	
3)	In cold countries people wear thick clothes for keeping / to keep / for to keep warm.	3	
4)	In England people are always talking about a weather / the weather / weather.	4	
5)	In some places it rains / there rains / it raining almost every day.	5	
6)	In deserts there isn't the / some / any grass.	6	
7)	Places near the Equator have <i>a warm / the warm / warm</i> weather even in the cold season.	7	
8)	In England coldest / the coldest / colder time of year is usually from December to February.	8	
9)	The most / Most of / Most people don't know what it's like in other countries.	9	
10)	Very less / little / few people can travel abroad.	10	
11)	Mohammed Ali has won / won / is winning his first world title fight in 1960.	<u>11</u>	
12)	After he had won / have won / was winning an Olympic gold medal he became a professional boxer.	12	

13) His religious beliefs have made him / made him to / made him change his name when he became

14) If he has / would have / had lost his first fight with Sonny Liston, no one would have been surprised.

20) Even tough he has now lost his title, people would / will / did always remember him as a champion.

15) He has travelled a lot **both** / **and** / **or** as a boxer and as a world-famous personality.

17) Many people is believing / are believing / believe he was the greatest boxer of all time.

16) He is very well known all in / all over / in all the world.

19) Like any top sportsman Ali had to / must / should train very hard.

18) To be the best from / in / of the world is not easy.

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50)	"It's the first time I realize / I've realized / I am realizing what hard work it is to be a bird!"	50
49)	apart / but / than a man to power it. As the bicycle-flyer said,	<u>49</u>
48)	flying / to fly / fly across the Channel from England to France, with nothing	48
47)	it / that / that one of the flying bicycle, which the world saw on television,	<u>47</u>
46)	in many ways the most remarkable flight of / above / at all was	46
45)	able to work in space in large numbers. Apart / For / Except all that,	<u>45</u>
44)	completed it will be the first time when / where / that astronauts will be	44
43)	massive space stations built. When these will be / are / will have been	43
42)	years and the 'space superpowers' are planning to have / make / let	42
41)	By 1998 there would / must / will have been satellites in space for forty	41
40)	space, but also to see what kind of weather is coming / comes / coming.	40
39)	are they / they are / there are being used for scientific research in	<u>39</u>
38)	kinds of informations / information / an information . Not only	38
37)	than forty years, we are now dependent from / of / on them for all	<u>37 </u>
36)	Although space satellites have existed since / during / for less	36
35)	Already a man / man / the man is taking the first steps towards the stars.	35
34)	a man will be / had been / would be landed on the moon.	34
33)	not much / not many / no much more than half a century later,	33
32)	sight today. They could / should / couldn't hardly have imagined that in 1969	32
31)	forerunner of the Jumbo jets and supersonic airliners that are such / such a / so common	<u>31</u>
30)	'powered flight' were the Wright brothers. His / Their / Theirs was the machine which was the	30
,	who / which / what we now call a 'plane'. The first people to achieve	29
,	who / which / what was heavier than air, in other words, in	28
,	were / is / was able to fly in a machine	<u>2</u> 7
,	the beginning of this / next / that century that anybody	26
,	succeeded to fly / in flying / into flying in balloons. But it wasn't until	25
,	little / few / a little success. In the 19 th century a few people	24
,	are trying / try / had tried to fly, but with	23
,	quite a / a quite / quite short one. For many centuries men	22
21)	The history of aeroplane / the aeroplane / an aeroplane is	<u>21</u>

51)	Many teachers say to / say / tell their students should learn a foreign language.	<u>51</u>		
52)	earning a second language is not the same as / like / than learning a first language.			
53)	takes long time / long / a long time to learn any language.			
54)	It is said that Chinese is the world's harder / hardest / more hard language to master.	54		
55)	English is quite difficult because of all the exceptions who / which / what have to be learnt.	55		
56)	You can learn the basic structures of a language quite quickly, but only if you are wanting / will to / are willing to make an effort.			
57)	A lot of people aren't used to the study / to study / to studying grammar in their own language.	<u>57</u>		
58)	Many adult students wish they would start / would have started / had started their language studies earlier.	<u>58</u>		
59)	In some countries students have to spend a lot of time working on / by / in their own.	<u>59</u>		
60)	There aren't no / any / some easy ways of learning a foreign language in your own country.			
61)	Some people try to improve their English by hearing / listening to the BBC World Service.			
62)	Live / Life / Living with a foreign family can be a good way to learn a language.			
63)	It's no use to try / trying / in trying to learn a language just by studying a dictionary.	<u>63</u>		
64)	Many students would rather not / would rather prefer not / would rather not to take tests.	64		
65)	Some people think it's time we all learn / should learn / learnt a single international language.	<u>65</u>		
66)	Charles Walker is a teacher at a school in Norwich. He has joined / joined / joins	<u>66</u>		
67)	the staff of the school in 1988 and has been working / worked / works there ever since.	<u>67</u>		
68)	Before move / to move / moving to Norwich, he taught in Italy and in Wales, and before that			
69)	he has been / was / was being a student at Cambridge University.	<u>69</u>		
70)	So far he isn't / wasn't / hasn't been in Norwich for as long as he was in Wales,	70		
71)	but he likes the city a lot and should / would / could like to stay there for at least	<u>71</u>		
72)	another two years, or, how / which / as he puts it, until his two children	72		
73)	have / will have / will be grown up a bit. He met his wife, Kate, in 1982	73		
74)	while he was to live / was living / had been living abroad for a while, and they got married	74		
75)	in 1986. Their two children, Mark and Susan, are / were / have been both born in Norwich.	<u>75 </u>		
76)	Mark, who / which / he is four, has just started	76		
77)	at nursery school, but his / their / her sister	7 <u>7</u>		
78)	shall stay / stays / will be staying at home for another couple of years,	78		
79)	because she is nearly two years younger / more young / the younger than him.	79		
80)	Charles and Kate are used / use / used to live in the country,	80		
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81)	but now they have children, they have moved / move / moved into the city.	<u>81</u>
82)	Charles wanted a house next / near / close the school	82
83)	in order / for / to get to work easily. Unfortunately	83
84)	the / a / that one the two of them really wanted was too expensive,	84
85)	so they must / should / had to buy one a bit further away. By the time the children	<u>85</u>
86)	go / will go / wil have gone to secondary school,	86
87)	that / which / what Charles and Kate hope will be in Norwich,	<u>87</u>
88)	the Walkers will have been / have been / will be living there for a least fifteen years.	88
89)	They can't be sure if they stay / do stay / will stay, but if they	89
90)	don't / didn't / won't, their friends won't be too surprised.	90

Look at the following examples of question tags in English. The correct form of the tag is underlined.

- a) He's getting the 9.15 train, isn't he / hasn't he / wasn't he?
- b) She works in a library, isn't she / doesn't she / doesn't he?
- c) Tom didn't tell you, hasn't he / didn't he / did he?
- d) Someone's forgotten to switch off the gas, didn't one / didn't they / haven't they?

Now underline the correct question tags in the following 10 items. (For each correct answer 1 point)

91)	John's coming to see you, hasn't he / wasn't he / isn't he ?	91
92)	It's been a long time since you've seen him, hasn't it / isn't it / haven't you?	92
93)	He's due to arrive tomorrow, won't he / isn't he / will he ?	93
94)	He won't be getting in till about 10.30, isn't he / is he / will he?	94
95)	You met him while you were on holiday, didn't you / weren't you / haven't you?	95
96)	I think I'm expected to pick him up, aren't I / don't I / are you ?	96
97)	No doubt you'd rather he stayed in England now, didn't you / wouldn't you / shouldn't you ?	97
98)	Nobody else has been told he's coming, is he / has he / have they?	98
99)	We'd better not stay up too late tonight, didn't we / have we / had we?	99
100)	I suppose it's time we called it a day, didn't we / isn't it / don't I ?	100

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Grammar Test - solutions

1	boils	34	would be	67	has been working
2	it is	35	man	68	moving
3	to keep	36	for	69	was
4	the weather	37	on	70	hasn't' been
5	it rains	38	information	71	would
6	any	39	are they	72	as
7	warm	40	is coming	73	have
8	the coldest	41	will	74	was living
9	Moat	42	have	75	were
10	few	43	are	76	who
11	won	44	that	77	his
12	had won	45	For	78	will be staying
13	made him	46	of	79	younger
14	had	47	that	80	used
15	both	48	flying	81	have moved
16	all over	49	but	82	near
17	believe	50	I've realized	83	to
18	in	51	say	84	the
19	had to	52	as	85	had to
20	will	53	a long time	86	go
21	the aeroplane	54	hardest	87	which
22	quite a	55	which	88	will have been
23	had tried	56	are willing to	89	will stay
24	little	57	to studying	90	don't
25	in flying	58	had started	91	isn't he
26	this	59	on	92	hasn't it
27	was	60	any	93	isn't he
28	which	61	listening to	94	will he
29	what	62	Living	95	didn´t you
30	Theirs	63	trying	96	aren't I
31	such a	64	would rather not	97	wouldn't you
32	could	65	learnt	98	have they
33	not much	66	joined	99	had we
				100	isn't it